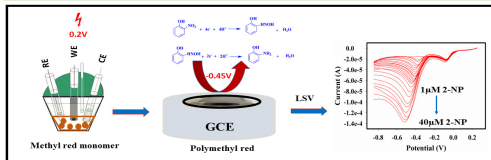


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i. Graphical Abstract

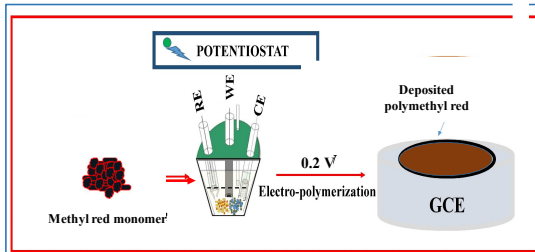


ii Introduction

2-NP: Sources- production of explosives, dyes and paints, fungicides, insect-killers, textile and rubber, pharmaceutical and agricultural processes (crop protection)
❖ Effects- cancer, liver impairment, kidney failure and blood disorder (oxygen-deficient haemoglobin)
❖ Detection- fluorescence, chromatography, electrophoresis, UV-spectroscopy and electrochemical methods.

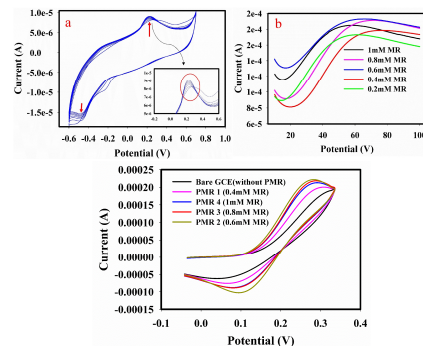
iii Methodology

PMR Synthesis
- **Potentiodynamic method:** 0.6 V to 0.7 V, 10 cycles
- **Chronoamperometric method:** 0.2 V, 100 seconds.
Characterization: FESEM, XPS, FTIR, CV
Application: CV & LSV

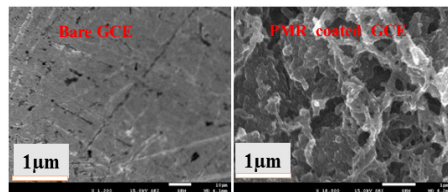


iv. Results

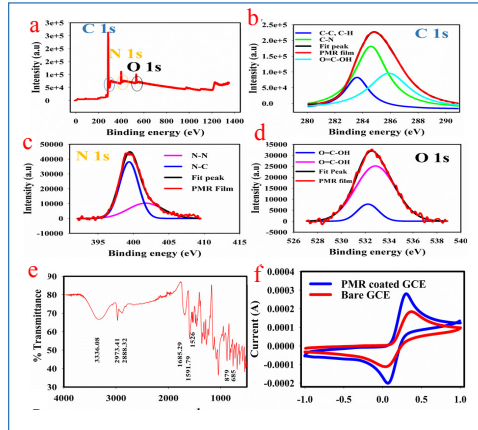
a) Electropolymerization of methyl red



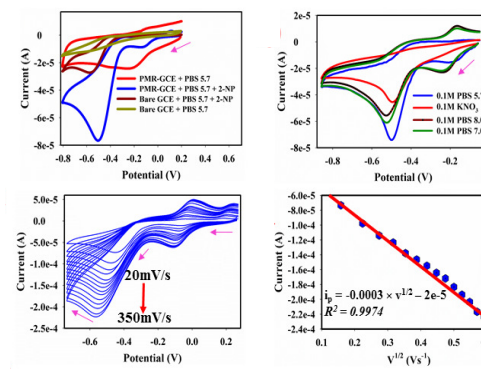
b) Characterization: Surface Morphology



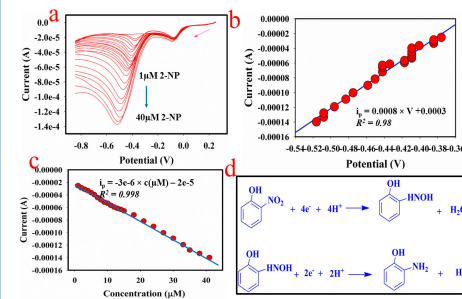
Binding energy, optical & electrochemical



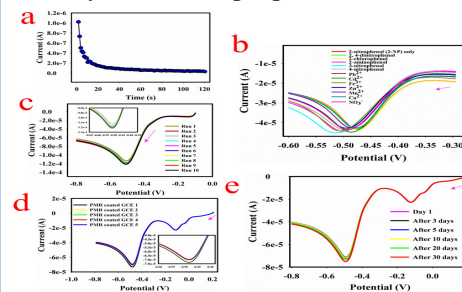
c) Application- 2-NP sensing



2-NP detection by linear sweep voltammetry



Stability test for the proposed sensor



Real Sample Analysis

Samples	Spiked (μM)	Found (μM)	RSD	Bias	Recovery (%)
Sea water	0	-	-	-	-
	10	9.7 ± 0.015	0.15	-0.3	97
	100	101.4 ± 0.04	0.04	+1.4	101.4
Effluent	0	-	-	-	-
	10	9.9 ± 0.07	0.71	-0.1	99
	100	102.6 ± 0.02	0.02	+2.6	102.6

v. Conclusion

- ❖ PMR film was synthesized electrochemically
- ❖ The PMR film catalyzed reduction process of 2-NP
- ❖ Good stability, high sensitivity and selectivity
- ❖ Applicable for real environmental samples

vi. Reference

W. A Adeosun, A. M Asiri and H.M Marwani, *Synthetic Metals*, 2020, 261, 116321.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT